

Rough draft,

Sovereign Wealth US International Sustainability, Development and Investment Prospectus

Executive Summary

SWUS is an international strategic development and national Investment management firm that emphasizes economic solutions through the expansion of free markets derived from increased emphasis on international trade, technology, infrastructure and management of "The Public Wealth of Nations" <http://publicwealthofnations.com>

Functioning In the capacity of a Savings, Stability, Development & Reserve fund, investing in all manner of existing asset class and or investment vehicle leveraging variously unique platforms & or

"Monetary Tools"

Such as the Federal Reserve Term Deposit Facility,

<https://www.federalreserve.gov/monetarypolicy/tdf.htm>

&

Federal Reserve Reverse Repurchase Facility,

<http://www.federalreserve.gov/monetarypolicy/overnight-reverse-repurchase-agreements.htm>

As well as other non & exclusive institutional platforms and or programs.

In this context, we strive to be the nexus between the people and international market interests by developing economic conditions that simultaneously enhance quality of life through mutually beneficial trade while meeting the demands of the evolving and increasingly complex expanding global economy. It is our vision that SWUS develops its capacity to internally provide for humanity by expanding its effective utilization of natural resources, refining agricultural production, supporting small business as well as the utilization of strategic Investment. Security gains will also be made through our inclusive integration of marginalized socio-economic constituencies. This integration directly confronts the underlying causation of regional instability.

We work to ensure that SWUS expresses its potential by becoming a major producer in the world market by developing its capacity to internally facilitate products that are in demand internationally. As a result, the quality of life for the people is enhanced and poverty is significantly reduced. We derive our success by implementing our guiding principles of trust,

cooperation, initiative, ingenuity, sustainability, transparency, governance, compliance and accountability.

Our business model offers nations a unique opportunity to achieve returns while offering opportunities to take part in a humanitarian business model that is not only profitable, but enhances the world by empowering local and emerging markets through international trade. The ultimate goal of our investment vehicles is to facilitate transparent and accountable ownership of a diversified commodity, development, consulting, logistical, and incarnating an international coalition of development funds, realigning a more effective and humane world power structure. Our business principles are the foundation of our company. We develop partnerships that are mutually beneficial and empower nations to take the initiative and decisively advance opportunities. We put God first by conducting our development approach from a holistic paradigm with a responsible and humanitarian perspective. We encourage partners to develop new innovation and reinvest profits into local economies to enhance the quality of life of those interests we are fortunate to represent. We constantly seek new markets and opportunities and emphasize business development and Independence rather than the more traditional aid models resulting in continued dependency. The opportunity to grow with our firm is available now for generations of prosperity.

It is important to emphasize our proposal is a conceptual business model that can be altered to meet the needs of individual nations and strategic partners such as Treasuries or central banks. The details of the specific organizations and individuals that are capable of carrying forward this operation are left out to protect their privacy until more serious interest is obtained. That being said, our plan can get quite specific when it is determined what the actual potential investment will be.

We have very specific proposals ready for any size investment ranging from real estate - Hotel/Resorts, to fourth generation MSR technology. Ideally, we are seeking long-term national partners who can prosper as we grow and offer new opportunities to other participatory nations. This analysis is meant to demonstrate our business model and interest nations in our operational concept. The decision to address a specific aspect, opportunity, or industry will facilitate our disclosure of the parties that are capable of making this occur to include political leaders, consultants, governmental organizations, and other strategic groups and or fraternities.

We intend to facilitate this within existing regulatory frameworks utilizing a conglomerate of subsidiaries organized around providing the capabilities outlined above.

BUSINESS MODEL

Our ambitious goal is to influence central banking through sovereign wealth funds of a principally new nature, all this being for the sake of real welfare.

For that, we embed (or combine) the financials with the real ones, that is, we holistically cover all the reality.

In professional terminology this could be approximately interpreted as an addition of real input-output network to the current financial networks.

Such an approach looks more fruitful than dealing with purely financial correlations and regressions.

So, speaking briefly, better GDP forecasting should be considered in the context of better forecasting of an interplay between the financial and the real, especially, as for the fluctuations at the crucial times of crises, like the recent one to include behavioral data with national, regional, cultural and religious factors taken into account.

That is why I added the diagrams demonstrating a very poor state of the art of the forecasting.

✂(add Volodymyr's diagrams)

(as one of sub-tasks to be tackled on the way to the main goal).

Speaking in a roundabout way, there is an urgent need to revisit the traditional understanding of how an economy functions, more specifically and especially, how it grows.

For that, Volodymyr Ryaboshlyk Phd's book,

<http://www.palgrave.com/us/book/9781137477064>

attacked the mainstream Solow growth theory, as an over-aggregated, over-simplified and even mistaken one.

And along with this, it has also attacked the Solow's measurement of technical progress in terms of total factor productivity, which, anew, is too over-aggregated and over-simplified.

Instead, the proposed is a quite explicit reflection of progress: as the parameters of new technologies as opposed to the old ones.

This modification has provided the most clear explanation both of growth and fluctuations, which deserves to be included in economics text-books.

Over and above, this has opened the way for better forecasting backed by better theory.

As for, are WE looking for co-authors for a research project, or is it more about finding business partners to set up a financial product or service?

In my judgement, to clarify this, we should pass some preliminary stages, as follows:

--- to consider and discuss the alternative (anti-Solow) growth theory as one of the backgrounds for forecasting and influencing the actuality;

--- to consider and discuss how to embed the above real aspect in the financial environment;

--- to outline the computational framework for quantitative realization of all this;

--- to run the framework (or network) on prototype economies;

--- to run it on the actual economies;

--- and so on.

All this, is within the powerful capacities in applied sciences and quantitative research.

Some elements are in Crisis and Embedded Innovations (the first part is about the real only, while the second is about an integrated functioning of the real with the financial). But this requires further development for creating a final intellectual product ready for commercialization.

We are searching for business partners
for further developing our preliminary promising results to set up a financial (and not only financial) product or service.

BUSINESS MODEL continued...

MONETIZE ASSETS AND PLACE FUNDS IN TAX ADVANTAGED ENTITIES THAT FUND
INVESTMENTS VEHICLES

REINVEST IN FINANCIALLY SECURE INSTRUMENTS AND FUND BUSINESS OPS
WITHOUT UTILIZATION OF PRINCIPAL

ENGAGE IN MICROFINANCE TO STIMULATE LOCAL MARKETS AND INVEST IN THE
INFRASTRUCTURE AND HUMAN CAPACITY BY TRAINING POPULATIONS

REINVEST PROFITS AND MONETIZE ASSETS FROM BUSINESS INTO CREATING
INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUNDS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

PURCHASE AND ENGAGE IN HIGH-YIELD COMMODITY BUSINESSES SUCH AS LUMBER,
AG, MINERALS, OIL, ETC.

SECURE TRADE ROUTES WITH LOGISTICAL INVESTMENT AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC
INCLUSION

DEVELOP NEW MARKETS BY MEETING THE NEEDS OF THE GROWING MIDDLE CLASS
IN REGIONS TO ENHANCE QUALITY OF LIFE AND TO CONTINUE MARKET
PENETRATION, SOCIO-ECONOMIC INCLUSION AND POLITICAL INFLUENCE

NEW INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT MODEL

INFRASTRUCTURE AND AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT CREATES THE FOUNDATION OF A NATION'S WEALTH

INTERNATIONAL TRADE DEVELOPMENT THROUGH REESTABLISHMENT OF HISTORICAL LOGISTIC TRADE ROUTES

UTILIZE THE VARIOUS EXPRESSION OF THE ARTS AND DIPLOMACY TO EXPAND INFLUENCE AND PROMOTE PEACE AND QUALITY OF LIFE THROUGH ENHANCED TRADE RELATIONS

DEVELOPMENT OF HUMAN CAPACITY THROUGH EMPOWERMENT AND SKILLCRAFT TRAINING EMPHASIZING THE INTEGRATION OF ECONOMICALLY MARGINALIZED GROUPS

SOCIO-ECONOMIC INCLUSION IN MARGINALIZED REGIONS COMBINED WITH LOCALIZED SECURITY EMPHASIS

ECONOMIC STIMULUS THROUGH REDUCED TAXATION, LIMITED GOVERNMENT, AND MONETIZATION OF PUBLIC ASSETS TO THE BENEFIT OF THE PEOPLE

DEVELOP NEW MARKETS BY MEETING THE NEEDS OF GROWING MIDDLE CLASS IN REGIONS TO ENHANCE QUALITY OF LIFE AND TO CONTINUE MARKET PENETRATION AND POLITICAL INFLUENCE WHILE ALIGNING NON-PROFITS TO CONTINUE TO PROMOTE EMPOWERMENT OBJECTIVES

PROMOTE ENCOURAGE AND FACILITATE THE CREATION OF FREE CREATIVE MINDS INCREASING THE POTENTIAL FOR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Strategic Alignments

Cooperative companies,

↗ie SWFI...

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

ADVISORY BOARD CONSISTING OF SENIOR ADVISORS FROM DIFFERENT INDUSTRIES TO INCLUDE TECH, POL / COMMUNICATIONS, FINANCE, DEVELOPMENT, AG,

SECURITY, EDUCATION, SENIOR MANAGEMENT, AND LOGISTICS

DEVELOPMENT TO INCLUDE INFRASTRUCTURE, ARCHITECTURE PLANS,
OPERATIONAL GUIDANCE (LAND, AIR AND OR SEA ASSETS)

ADMINISTRATION TO INCLUDE TAX COMPLIANCE, SALARIES, HEALTH, BUDGET,
LEGAL, VIPS, AND CORRESPONDENCE
(REASONABLY NEGOTIATED)

SENIOR MANAGEMENT TO INCLUDE PROVIDING DIRECTION TO THE OPERATIONS AND
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

OPERATIONS TO INCLUDE ALL ACTIONS REQUIRED, COORDINATIONS BETWEEN
COMPANY SECTIONS, OPERATIONAL GUIDANCE, AND ANYTHING PERTINENT TO OUR
SHARED HIGHER OBJECTIVES

LOGISTICS TO INCLUDE COORDINATION FOR EQUIPMENT, TRAVEL, IMPORT/EXPORT,
ACCOMMODATIONS

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND MARKETING TO INCLUDE INTERNATIONAL
CORRESPONDENCE

Further clarification can be obtained by reviewing our previously published articles of
incorporation,

<https://www.linkedin.com/hp/update/6264792415199129600>

https://word-view.officeapps.live.com/wv/mWord.aspx?Fi=SD3418B4C6F1AC8196!3897&H=emul&C=5_810_BN1-SKY-WAC-WSHI&ui=en-US&rs=en-US&wdo=2&wde=docx&wdp=7&su=3753949055964447126&ad=en-US&sc=host%3d&cy=canary&ak=t%3D0%26s%3D0%26v%3D%21AH9O8M5ypy044_U%26aid%3Db54e966f-ece1-4d02-8ea4-7bbd10a9f660%26m%3Den-us&wdMobileHost=2

SWUS Intends to Address The
Current Extractive Resource Model

Resources Extracted without virtually any benefit to the people contributing significantly to massive poverty and extremist mentalities. Typically, indigenous or local labor is excluded from skilled labor economic models, leaving a marginalized population without means to purchase imports in an unstable minimal market. Further exacerbating an increasingly divisive separation of class that's additionally compounded by the available positive outcomes and opportunities provided to houses by station or skilled trade / useful education. Over and above the

aforementioned underequipped and underfunded 19th century factory mentality model of public education is painfully unable to properly equip this generation, for our current and continuing technological revolution.

New Proposed Inclusive Model

Economically Inclusive Models encourages the participation of local community labor through a holistic approach that includes skill development and the foundations of resource management which develops quality of life through wealth creation and the expansion of markets. Raw material is returned to the people in the form of new products.

Throughout the course of human history, it has frequently become necessary for nations to dissolve and or restructure economic systems and adjust strategies which have proven to be ineffective in stimulating development, growth and economic prosperity as economies and times change technologically. When the policies are and continually becoming increasingly oppressive in nature and exist against the natural law and the psychology of human inspiration, and are only enforced through deception and the use of force by indoctrinated constituencies, they begin to separate people from their natural desires to achieve, thrive, and prosper. Often economic development and social programs are implemented under the guise of prosperity only to be concealing the true intent of enslavement for the populace and a theft of resources. This is in defiance of the power of truth which is based on the laws of nature and of nature's right to full expression of humanity, which God entitles to all men and women. This deception is fraudulent and criminal in nature and is the equivalent of murder, for it robs humanity of its right to self-actualization, cognizant development and the realization of self-worth.

The main principle behind the current economic agenda being implanted throughout the world in an effort to bring about a new economic world order, is a belief that the effective use of force and the stringent control of natural resources is the key to creating and maintaining economic power and further serves to manipulate markets by creating fictional gaps in supply and demand. This 'order out of chaos' model has been a standard for centuries. The problem is that it is based on the principles of suppression and oppression, which are implemented and maintained using force and highly supported with deception through disinformation, propaganda and oppressive operations aimed at reducing the natural expression of humanity, freedom, and independence. This is a sign of fear and incompetence stemming from the conditioning of the past age of scarcity by those in power because it is inconsistent with natural law, which supports full expression as a means of achievement. Natural power relies on truth and does not require deception to be maintained. It stands on its own accord. Power encourages a population to achieve self-actualization and economic prosperity which is reflective of a strong middle class, economic and social growth as well as development. It is a natural spiritual expression in alignment with truth and does not require manipulation to be maintained.

On the other hand, there is no positive natural expression for force as it is inherently weaker and short term, its goal is to hinder the natural power of the people from being fully expressed. This

is a lower spiritual form of thought and achievement that is inherently inferior to just power and is only sustained through deceptive practices. It essentially further weakens its followers & leaders and subsequently results in wide disparities of wealth and the elimination of the middle class that is necessary to maintain stability and economic growth, especially in a consumer based economy. The belief that people need to be largely suppressed is highly limiting to a society and ensures a lower expression of associated economic achievement inhibiting humanities growth and development on all levels. More specifically it inhibits the development of free creative minds, their contributions of intellectual property and innovation.

The irresponsible use of natural resources is equally discouraging. We are blessed with an abundance of agricultural land, potential energy sources from wind, solar, geothermal, wave & or tidal power and vast basic materials such as cement, brick, wood, and rock that would easily address any structural and infrastructural needs. What is lacking is the proper utilization of the vast natural resources readily available and the reliance on utilizing goods and services that could easily be provided in the local market rather than relying on imports. Years of war and internal conflict have created a gap in productive and practical knowledge in many regions of the world. This knowledge gap can be reconciled through the incorporation of trade schools that emphasize the reduction of imports through the utilization of what is natural to the region, while cognizant of unintended environmental consequences (such as those of using good farming topsoil for mud bricks). Building and architecturally designing structures as well as much needed infrastructure with the concept of maximum utilization of the natural resources native to the region offering a common-sense solution to the vast imbalance of trade challenges in agriculture, materials, labor, management, and expertise. This would also allow for the use of mineral profits to be used to barter for higher goods that would enhance the quality of life rather than being allocated to provide for mere survival and resulting in continued dependence.

The global economy although growing extensively in a number of sectors and regions is still oppressive in nature with significant barriers to entry and managed by an overburdened government and economic system that primarily operates to diminish the prospects of the peoples growth and focuses gains and bailouts on only a few elite. The means of gaining economic control through manipulative programing of the masses is essentially killing humanities best prospects for a shared prosperous future. It is equally discouraging to find education not matching the needs of the emerging technological environment. In regions, largely in a development mode, it is necessary to focus the majority of educational emphasis on developing trade schools that can instantly impact job growth and prosperity. Affecting positively these educational concerns in developing nations now, will yield significantly improved outcomes locally, regionally and beyond, further improving psychological perceptions globally. The idea that people need to be controlled and oppressed through negative conditioning that simply thwarts achievement and ambitions is a system doomed to fail. Nothing can be achieved in a current economic system described except for chaos and the limited order maintained through fear, deception, propaganda and the manipulation of the herd or collective mentality / perception. As a result of these policies that have been implemented worldwide, we now have a world that is largely a police state and unaware of truth and its own power due to a constant flow

of manipulative disinformation and propaganda. This is a grand reflection of the use of force, deception, and oppression and we see its expression in the deterioration of our economic systems and basic freedoms inherent from God.

Highlights

The following demonstrates the financial projections of our five primary business models. Estimates do not take into account possibilities of above average returns with many investment options that we currently have at our disposal.

1. Logistics to include shipping, security, courier service and inclusive A to B deployment of human and other resources or assets.
2. Financial to include international developmental finance, banking, insurance and brokerage of securities.
3. Commodities to include strategic minerals (rare earths), lumber, etc...
4. Consulting to include strategic government, intelligence, business and educational.
5. Investments to include unique platforms, vehicles, traditional models, land, infrastructure, research and development.

Objectives

ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN

The Economic Stimulus plan - build...

Further expansion of and clarity continues to be encouraged, mutually understood as an intellectual collaboration...

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<https://www.linkedin.com/hp/update/6264792415199129600>

"By the inquiry and support of our peers visions are brought to fruition." 🌹 †

OBJECTIVES

ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN

The Economic Stimulus plan builds local economies rather than simply extracting resources and enslaving populations without investment in the community. Its policies enforce and reward directly partnering with local communities to develop, expand, and grow local markets by linking them to the international community. The stimulus plan encourages entrepreneurship and consistently seeks to expand economies. It develops partnerships that are mutually beneficial and economically rewarding. The plan examines the long-term second and third order implications of any action. It empowers partners to take the initiative and decisively advance opportunities. The plan partners with both the populace and the government to achieve holistic results which further the development of the nations that we work on cooperation with. It encourages internal promotions and entrepreneurship and constantly seeks to develop local organizations through education and training. The plan encourages partners to develop new innovation as well as to promote and reward high performers. It reinvests profits into the local economy and develops new markets and business opportunities. It is constantly seeking new markets and opportunities to help nations develop to their full potential.

The Problem:

Fulfilling a Need for Stability and Development Internationally

The SWUS Economic Stimulus and Development Plan was created to fulfill the need to counter the economic instability created as a result of government corruption, social instability, extractive business and governance models that dis-incentivize development as well as economic growth. More importantly, these policies lead to internal conflict, horrific poverty, and social destabilization that can only take a few years to fully develop into complete civil unrest. In light of these issues and in an effort to encourage economic and social policies that stabilize rather than destabilize nations, the underlying business principles of the SWUS ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN were developed to provide a solid economic program that has the potential to assist in creating a SOLUTION to the underlying issues that destroy nations and oppress their populations. The concept of partnering with the community and local population towards developing their human capital potential rather than enslaving them through the offering of menial wages and limited opportunity, sets the conditions for explosive growth and social stability providing that profits made are reinvested in viable businesses, important infrastructure, and agricultural development. It is only through the integration of the local communities population into the economic future of the country through the expansion of the middle class that stabilization can occur. The concept is to utilize the nation's natural raw materials and labor to rebuild the culture and infrastructure to match the available resource without importing. This is an internal movement built around job growth, a return to the emphasis on trades and craftsmanship that puts people to work, builds the economy and creates pride in the nation, while encouraging independence.

Failing to properly implement economic principles that accentuate limited government, business incentives, and low tax rates has proven time and again to generate the conditions that lead to internal conflict, massive poverty and class warfare. Unfortunately, this is a colossal problem internationally as governments tend to make partnerships with both foreign governments and multi-national corporations that exclude the interests of the people.

These agreements tend to ignore private and intellectual property rights and simply enforce slave labor on their populations by not mandating that local populations are involved in managerial positions or enrolled in vocational training that would increase their marketability and usefulness to the economy and fully participatory in the economic development of their country. In some cases, outside corporations simply import labor and managers to run their operations. This completely hinders any potential for economic stimulus because economic resources are often siphoned out of the country. This also is further hindered by not allowing some foreign companies and individuals to purchase land and businesses in very special cases. These policies discourage the best and the brightest from contributing to the nation's development to its highest capacity.

Perhaps the biggest oversight is the reliance on importing when the raw materials and natural resources to be independent and free exist locally. It is the practical education gap that has been lost in the pursuit of mining and other sectors prior to the stabilization of agriculture, structural, and infrastructural development. In this instance, the development of trade and craftsmanship combined with an architectural emphasis on developing with materials indigenous to the region, not only increases country morale, but it balances the natural habitat and climate with nature's structural design consistent with the region. This builds wealth and independence.

Most nations have been disillusioned by chasing false wealth of minerals which are largely created by a false global marketing campaign. The real wealth of a nation is in the free creative minds of the people, infrastructure, agriculture, raw materials that produce infrastructure and its ability to meet the needs of its citizens, both economically and socially. The richest and most independent nations in the world have their own food, water, reliable infrastructure, security, and good lasting housing for their population. The mining operational emphasis should come after these other important aspects have been developed. This strategy promotes the freedom to pursue mining as a means to barter for products that further enhance the wealth and quality of life of the population rather than for survival. The key to this program is the emphasis on the utilization of local natural resources and the development of the trades and craftsmanship of infrastructural development on a local level. This immediately impacts job growth and wealth by matching education with the development needs of the country. A higher education only is of benefit economically if there are jobs to fulfill after graduation. In the case of a developing nation, job growth is largely in the trades until infrastructure is satisfactory in meeting the needs of its citizens. Agricultural emphasis is equally important in this empowerment program as it provides the independence for true wealth creation.

This program also returns to generational family development of tradecraft and farming, which is the true foundation of any great nation. When a family and community grows their own food, and has the skills to build its own infrastructure, it becomes strong and learns to barter with their available resources to acquire more wealth. This lessens the requirements for government intervention and reduces costs considerably. It is implemented with natural design concepts utilizing the available raw materials. Many great architectural structures are based on these ideals which create pleasing environments that are in balance with the local environment, market climate and in line with culturally and ethically acceptable practices. This strategy reduces costs and creates pride in the community and the nation. The local tribe or community once again becomes powerful and truly independent as is meant to be.

In many cases, local property rights are simply ignored by government officials and politicians who are personally benefiting from behind the scenes corruption that allows multinational firms the leeway to take land and resources that was originally allocated to the populations public benefit. This policy over time tends to lead to deep seated resentment and instability. In some cases, large contingencies of foreign nationals are brought into a country to work, completely ignoring the employment of the local workforce.

Thus stimulus plan advocates the possibility of exploring the right of foreigners to legally buy land and supports that the majority of funds are spent on the continent. By encouraging special case foreign ownership, more investment is likely to stay on the continent. This may have a multiplier effect on subsequent businesses and development. In the case of many countries, who are unstable to begin with, the overarching result of these policies can often lead to the creation of ungoverned territories and 'insurgent' governance or civil war. At the very least, multinational firms and foreign governments often do little to ensure that their economic benefits are retained for additional economic growth through the consumption of local products and the development of infrastructure in local communities.

This trend has to stop if countries wish to mature into the developed world. We have to change our willingness to allow extractive governance and economic policies to permeate inside all borders. A good portion of the profits gained from SOVEREIGN WEALTHS ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN operations and tax revenue should be responsibly reinvested in developing business and infrastructure projects. This is the only way to ensure that economic benefits are retained within investing communities. Simply using countries as a place to extract minerals and other viable resources is thwarting the opportunity for populations to enjoy the higher standard of living that they deserve. It is also hindering the growth necessary to keep pace with the demands of the international community. There is no doubt that the growth that countries will likely continue to experience will not significantly improve the lives of their people unless a change in socioeconomic and governance policy takes place. In the meantime, SOVEREIGN WEALTHS ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN offers a unique economic model that directly confronts the challenges facing the maintenance of stability by expanding the middle class through its entrepreneurial business partnerships that ensure profits are reinvested to the local

economies benefit.

SOVEREIGN WEALTH ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN

Economic Model

We strongly support small business development by encouraging entrepreneurship through partnership with communities and populations inclusively at the national, regional, and local level. In this capacity, we operate our economic stimulus plans to stimulate multiplier effects that act like a multi-faceted turbo charged economic engine for stimulating locally owned franchises with significant percentages of local ownership while encouraging apprenticeship opportunities. Our plan encourages limited government with strong private and intellectual property protection and can eliminate income and property taxation, keeping only sales tax. This policy encourages and cultivates the middle class and creates stability, sustainability and development through local ownership and foreign investment in joint partnerships. The development of the middle class creates viable markets and stabilizes local and national markets. Through investment in small business, jobs and new industries are created that form the backbone of sustainable economies and the creation of wealth. Although aid has historically had its place in all nations, the stimulus plan supports capital investment in small businesses rather than continuing to promote the dependency on international or federal dependency, that tends to thwart business development and human initiative. The plan seeks to develop local economies by opening up international markets that did not previously exist. It encourages the consumption of local products and stands firmly behind our 'Buy Coalition' concept of stimulating local economies. This policy creates wealth at the local and regional level by reducing the costs of imports by means of encouraging intercontinental trade.

The stimulus plan does not operate with fixed, inflexible objectives. It is subjectively aligned to react nimbly to economic feedback ensuring that the proper investments are arranged towards stimulating the sectors of the economy that offer the best returns on a case by base basis. The stimulus plan is designed to address larger infrastructure shortfalls by completing projects that transcend national borders. The economic system of 'laissez faire' encourages the identification of markets that have significant international potential and encourages product lines that can be exported through mutually beneficial business and personal partnerships. Our economic stimulus policy promotes the reinvestment of profits into local economies. The stimulus plan also encourages the development of local labor and managerial forces through continued specialized training. It encourages the investment in infrastructure development when appropriate and reinvestment of profits in local markets through banking and responsible micro business loans.

The stimulus plan stays focused on the business model of lower, more immediate and sustainable profits encouraging higher volumes targeting the wholesale market. It pursues the development of specialty market/niche stores worldwide in strategic regions that promote the 'Buy Coalition' concept. It seeks to dominate markets through local partnership and effective

supply chain as well as shipping management. In the long-term the plan encourages purchasing shipping routes and aircraft(s) for ease of penetrating difficult markets, while training and licensing local fiduciary managers. Perhaps most important is the plan's continual promotion of agricultural development utilizing technological solutions. This is the foundation of stability, considering there will be over 9 billion people on the earth within 20 years and everyone must contribute to meet the growing demand, facilitating and promoting cognizant ethical awareness & empathy. Food scarcity will be a factor throughout the world forcing those that can to produce efficiently, while expanding export and import markets regionally. In closing, the plan offers a viable SOLUTION to the underlying causes of instability present within the International community through our business partnerships with Governments, communities and local populations that ultimately are the expanding middle class.

Mission Statement

We are the nexus between the people of individual nations and the international community actively developing economic markets that simultaneously enhance quality of life through mutually beneficial trade and investment while meeting the demands of the expanding global economy.

Vision

We develop our capacity to internally provide for populations by expanding effective utilization of natural resources and refining agricultural production. Nations express potential by becoming major producers and contributors in the world market by developing capacities to internally create products that are in demand internationally. As a result, the quality of life is enhanced and poverty is significantly reduced in each participatory nation.

Guiding Principles

Transparency

Providing clearly our business plans for community discussion and recommendations. Working cooperatively with existing Governments, Treasuries, Central Banks as well as other international institutions, foundations & or non-profits towards well defined shared higher objectives.

Trust

Building strong foundations based on integrity and accountability to fiduciary responsibilities, that are mutually beneficial.

Stability

Nimble multifaceted / layered levers better able to inclusively mitigate and manage the depth and breadth of future disruption.

Cooperation

Achieving challenging objectives through naturally collaborative efforts ignoring divisive partisan political rhetoric.

Initiative

Taking action to cease as well as creatively facilitate increased opportunity.

Ingenuity

Utilizing creativity and wisdom to find solutions to seemingly insurmountable challenges hurdling obstacles.

Sustainability

Building enduring solutions by applying patience, divine guidance, intuition and empathy to each individual situations circumstance within larger community considerations.

Keys to Success

Essential Tasks

1. Integrate with NATO, US Military and UN Security Forces

*50 United Nation Connections

*www.templartitan.com

2. Utilize Host Nation Military Engineer Assets for Development Projects

*Joseph Dodo - for our humanitarian objectives in Uganda

3. Utilize Development Projects as Opportunities to Validate Trade School Concepts

*Planning and training through project horizons

4. Utilize Host Nation's Assets as much as Possible

*Accounting for managing and better utilization of non & financial public assets.

5. Utilize local Labor Forces in Congruent community Regions through Coordination not only with Central Government but through Local indigenous Power Brokers.

6. Coordinate all Logistical Projects with NATO, UN, USG, AU to Ensure that they Strategically Align with Objectives to Prevent Future Disruption as well as to facilitate more cooperative master planning. Bridging the gap between U.N. Aid around immediate shelter and nutrition, through completion of World Bank infrastructure projects.

7. Coordinate Efforts with Local and Regional NGOs to Ensure Unity of Effort and best use of limited assets for regional deployment.
8. Utilize Assets and Personnel from local Military bases to Assist in Training Efforts building mutual trust and respect between individuals, communities and their enlisted colleagues serving their nation.
9. Coordinate Trade Schools with Potential Business Projects in Regions to Ensure that Training Facilitates Job Placement & or individual business licensing and development.
10. Ensure that all Efforts are Coordinated through State Departments and community leaders to Allow them to build improved personal and professional relationships in the Process.
11. Make no Assumptions about Acceptability of a Project without First Coordinating with the Local Leaders and Populace, cognizant of cultural & or religious factors.
12. Keep Projects and Training as Simple and Practical as Possible to Enforce Principles that can be Directly Applied Rather than being too Specific in Insignificant Details, while conveying a sense of urgency and responsibility to produce a quality product. Strengthening community and national brand dependability as well as recognition.

Business Principles

Develop partnerships that are mutually beneficial.

Examine the long-term, second and third order implications of any action on all levels.

Empower partners to act of their own initiative and decisively advance opportunities in an organized fashion.

Partner with the populace and the government to achieve holistic results.

Put God first by conducting operations with a responsible and humanitarian perspective, propagating in spirit.

Encourage internal promotions and constantly seek to develop human capital and the creation of free creative minds, through education and training.

Encourage partners to develop new innovations and intellectual property.

Promote and reward high performers with leadership roles, recognition and further training.

Reinvest profits into the local economy.

Constantly seek new markets and opportunities.

Encourage Economic Free Zones

Increases Private Ownership within local communities.

Special Exception Foreign Ownership

Monetize Mining Assets to Facilitate Growth

Sales Tax at 7%

Limited Government

Infrastructure Emphasis

Business Development not Aid

SOVEREIGN WEALTH US ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN

Stabilization Principles and Considerations

1. A state of equilibrium naturally occurs between any opposing factors in a nation which is delicately balanced, such that any action must be carefully considered to ensure that it does not offset this often-delicate state.
2. True power structures must be recognized and integrated into a nation's economic design. Marginalization of any group will only lead to destabilization.
3. Long-term sustainability is achieved through the responsible utilization of resources and the systematic internal transfer of wisdom and knowledge to the next generation.
4. Competence cannot be hidden or suppressed for effective governance to occur. The encouragement of inclusive governance that integrates all leaders and sub-groups is a key component in an enduring national governance strategy. The best leaders must rise to lead the nation and not be suppressed.
5. Limited resources requires increased synchronization of effort across markets.
6. Success is achieved when ingenuity and education is developed and applied through internal effort.

7. Personal freedoms to include the freedom of speech, religion, and the right to protect personal and intellectual property, keep government from tyranny and increase the prosperity of the people.
8. Empowering the population through freedoms and education actually ensures the maintenance of power rather than diminishing it.
9. Oppression always leads to destruction, instability, economic hardship, and eventually war. It must be eliminated through inclusive empowerment and education approaches observing local customs in line with cultural considerations.
10. Corruption destroys economic growth and develops unnatural imbalances of power that eventually are expressed through instability that affects the larger International market.
11. The more that a country is self-reliant in terms of internally providing for its own sustenance and resources, the greater the acceleration of the creation of wealth, stability, and real economic independence.
12. It is wiser to invest in sustainable resources like agricultural production first, before conducting explorations of rich natural resources such as oil, minerals, etc.
13. The massive growth of the world population will soon force those that have agricultural capacity to produce in alignment with their potential.
14. Former child soldiers and war veterans must be reintegrated into the economic future of the country to maintain stability and growth. Without their collaboration, stability will not be efficient to thwart future conflict.
15. An emphasis on rural farming development rather than urban environments empowers people and creates independence and less need for government, unnecessary imports, and foreign humanitarian aid intervention.
16. The repression of ideas and innovation generated as a result of the lack of protection of intellectual and private property creates the conditions for instability.

SOVEREIGN WEALTH ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN

Economic Principles and Considerations

1. Rather than encourage corruption, local politicians should become adamantly involved in the growth of the economic sector of the country by becoming a viable part of the business

community.

2. The promotion of the 'Buy Coalition' concept both regionally and throughout the world has the potential of changing buying habits and reducing imports while expanding export markets. This positive trade balance creates internal wealth.
3. Tourism can be explored and developed through an effort to promote a clean nation, economic reinvestment in the nation, a return to rural farming communities, and increased economic development as well as to highlight archeological sites and further provide increased awareness of previous cultural achievements.
4. The high price of gold, diamonds, real estate and other promoted paths encourages youth and those seeking quick profits to reduce their interest in local farming. This enticement is not likely to decrease in the near future. With profits from agriculture and mining reinvested in the other, higher returns can be realized. Also implementing the same partnership concept with local indigenous landowners who maintain their property rights is the key to growth and developing the economic future of the country.
5. Voluntary trade creates wealth. Encouraging internal trade through local consumption and product development creates wealth.
6. Internally produced agriculture and the responsible management of resources creates wealth and reduces the cost of living for the average citizen.
7. More social good can be created through private industry at a fraction of the cost of the government because it can be directly applied to the source. This is why tax incentives for social projects must be encouraged and implemented prompting community involvement.
8. Wealth naturally accumulates with those that fully understand how to manage resources, therefore resources should be directed at those that naturally demonstrate this ability successfully.
9. Unnaturally sustaining a product or service that cannot stand on its own, creates imbalances in the economic systems that lead to instability and economic stagnation. This is why aid is generally ineffective because it does not have a natural sustainability factor associated and it does not encourage incentives around positive personal/individual psychological development.
10. Allowing internal businesses to seek the best opportunities in development without oppression will produce the most growth.
11. The current policy of allowing multi-national non-indigenous firms and nations to simply exploit natural resources and local labor without reinvesting in the local economy must stop

before it creates the conditions for further conflict.

12. All aspects of the population must be integrated in the economic growth of the nation.

13. Farming and the sustainment of the local population becomes the most important aspect of the new economy.

14. Local business partnership rather than foreign exploitation and extraction is the key to the future stability of the country. Through this method of partnership, economic growth will be achieved and sustained.

15. Tourism is a major industry that has the potential of being developed as efforts are made to clean up the environment and business profits are reinvested in the country.

16. Fishing is an untapped resource that can help to feed the country as capacities are developed and refrigeration capacity is increased.

17. The creation of a farmers' association encourages cooperation between regionally aligned farms and helps bridge regional gaps.

18. These associations have the potential of lowering the cost of production and reducing food shortages.

19. Driving the price of 25 kg rice to under \$10 a bag should be an achievable goal with regional cooperation.

20. Large multi-national firms that do not hire or develop the indigenous populations or local communities create the conditions for future conflict.

21. The development of regional trade unions are essential for wealth creation throughout the International community.

22. The development of small farming credit unions targeting local populations is an essential component of development and increased stability.

23. Eventually building farm credit organizations presents the most advantageous long term option for farming development.

24. The development of a rural "Hawala" system for example can facilitate trade and economic growth in regions that do not have the infrastructure to accommodate banking.

SOVEREIGN WEALTH US ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN

Governance Principles and Considerations

1. Gaining compliance is not the same as gaining collaboration when applied to governance. Collaboration is the goal in any sustainable governance design.
2. Allowing natural alliances to occur facilitates effective collaboration and stability. Too much governance intervention is likely to create disorder and attempted gaming of the system.
3. The decentralization of power is a vital principle of effective and enduring governance.
4. Building a strong military empowers governments when social conditions are successfully addressed and opportunity for higher education is available as well as encouraged.
5. The way to the Presidency and beyond is the lowering of the cost of food staples like corn or rice. This can be achieved through small farming partnership and cooperatives. The implementation of advanced farming methods is also encouraged through the use of subject matter expertise and development in high yield farming equipment. Experts from around the globe are likely to volunteer as the farm association is organized. There are many faith based groups that can assist in this process.
6. Government must protect private property and intellectual property rights to create the conditions for economic growth with stability.
7. The key is for the government to respect the property rights of the people and allow them to partake in the profits of any venture that is on their land. This creates wealth and ensures that a good percentage of the profits of any venture are reinvested into the economic development of the country.
8. Effective policy conditions must be in place for development to occur.
9. The logging industry should have a similar program of private property protection to ensure that foreign nations and multinational firms do not simply extract natural resources without significantly contributing to the economic growth of the region and the country as a whole.
10. Once private industry is highly profitable, government corruption and employment becomes less attractive and appealing to those susceptible to internal corruption.
11. Mismanagement and or non-management of resources is a reason for the failure of the country to develop economically.
12. Government cooperation in farming may also be a short-term solution until private industry is able to sustain its operations and work to capacity.

13. Farming associations create the conditions for large scale cooperative investments from outside organizations, once government encourages this practice.

14. Implementation of strategic communications targeting the empowerment of the people and their viable access to knowledge and training, that is relevant to the current marketplace has the potential of decreasing instability and expanding productivity.

15. Tax incentives must be given to companies who reinvest in local markets and hire as well as develop local labor and new product lines.

SOVEREIGN WEALTH US ECONOMIC STIMULUS PLAN

Development Principles and Considerations

1. Infrastructure development should be incentivized to ensure that the country develops in conjunction with the economic growth.

2. Infrastructure development sets the conditions for future economic growth and sustainability.

3. Taxes should be imposed but not to a level that impedes growth. More revenue will be produced by encouraging business expansion into other sectors and it is important to remember that a business or individual can produce a social benefit at a lower cost than the government can. Therefore, tax incentives need to encourage social responsibility and reinvestment in the economy.

4. Tax incentives should also be given to partnership firms that train and develop indigenous / local labor forces, mid-level managers, and future executives through the financing of traditional educational and vocational programs. These programs should have local business input to ensure that they are meeting the needs of business communities by region.

5. There are many different ways to develop natural sources of electricity and infrastructure. This can easily be achieved through small business development targeting indigenous / local partnerships.

6. Training community leaders to hold managerial positions in multinational firms increases stability and buy in from the local populace.

7. Developing infrastructure has a multiplier effect on the economy. Buying local products is the key to long-term economic growth and wealth creation.

8. Infrastructure development and investment in the advancement of human resource

capital is the key to reintegration of the populace into the economic future of a nation.

9. Once the populace is well-nourished, exploration and development can more effectively occur. This concept applies to the investment in the mining sector in terms of its priority in the growth of the nation.

10. Implementing regional food storage facilities is a primary factor in improving International agricultural yields.

11. Development occurs through alliances that create mutually beneficial business opportunities.

Understanding the importance of the responsibility to provide resources to the rest of the world as a result of the abundant natural resources of nations maintain an important consideration in the development of the International community.

Description of Business

The business model is based on the concept of maximizing investment returns and minimizing taxation. We are most committed to developing logistical trade routes and international development banking centers to support international trade. Our model encourages local / indigenous empowerment and solidifies, balances, and expands local markets. This allows for the expansion of markets through wealth creation, and creates a more synergistic cohesion between participating partners. In partnering with community / indigenous groups throughout the world, we maximize our access to strategic minerals and other lucrative markets. It is this relationship model that promotes long-term cohesion and loyalty. The battle for strategic minerals is largely a relationship based operation that is based on diplomacy and true partnership.

It is also apparent that extractive economic models only marginalize the populace and further divide the region while not developing sustainable markets. Our plan integrates the local populace and solidifies access to markets based on enhancing the regions we work in and developing the skillsets of the local population. We strive to empower and raise the quality of life for all populations while expanding their access to new products and technology. We recognize that a new model that emphasizes infrastructure development is paramount to the future of the region while increasing the wealth of the local populace. In this manner, we ensure a long-term mutually beneficial and prosperous relationship.

Company Ownership/Legal Entity

The business will be run with the holding company concept exercising multiple business entities diversified by sectors for ease of organization. We will integrate asset protection strategies to ensure that no entity owes a significant number of assets. This is particularly important in our commodity and logistical operations. This reduces our exposure to lawsuits and other frivolous

claims through diversification. Our profits will be reinvested in international development banking centers that will enhance trade by developing markets and expanding small businesses. By doing this, we are creating wealth through additional markets and improving the quality of life for local community / indigenous groups that we support. Additionally, our tax strategies will emphasize long term capital gains through tax advantaged entities with charitable components in tax advantaged nations. This will allow us to compound profits without taxation. In the end our organizations will own our assets without personal exposure. This is the ideal situation considering the numerous attempts that are commonly directed to destroy personal wealth by both governments and competitors in their many forms. By not owning property in our own names we reduce exposure while maintaining usage of the many assets of the corporations, foundations, etc. This allows more control over assets and allows for a greater social good. Our belief is that derived social benefits can be produced at a significantly reduced cost than an organized government which is often hindered by expensive bureaucratic responsibilities that are not as streamlined in its processes. For this reason, we strive to reduce taxation to the most advantageous degree. The model below represents a possible organizational strategy that requires a very thorough description of the complexities of mitigating exposure, taxation, while maintaining operational efficiency.

Proposed Organizational Structure Concept

The Social Aspect of Development and Trade

The primary causation for the presence of instability and violent extremist organizations is the lack of economic and social inclusion within the vulnerable regions. This vulnerability is initially exploited by outside entities that addresses the legitimate grievances of the disenfranchised populace. This legitimacy fuels the growth of the organization until it reaches popular acceptance and becomes ingrained in the local community. This is why it is so critical to address legitimate economic and social grievances as they arise. It is foolish to think that extreme marginalization of a populace will not end in a grave social imbalance that fuels insurgent activity. The solution is to ensure that marginalized groups and their legitimate concerns are addressed. This creates the conditions for a reintegration of the disenfranchised populace. Their concerns cannot be ignored and similar to the solutions achieved throughout the world, it is inclusion not exclusion that eventually achieves results.

Lessons Learned from Past Attempts at Development

The majority of development efforts have been led by fabricated, idealistic, and unrealistic approaches that never truly grasped cultural, dynamics of its ideology, the consequences of economic imbalances, and human dynamics. Our world today is truly interconnected, and as such, the flow of information has vastly expanded knowledge and awareness of the average

citizen. With this access to rapid communication, no longer will the indigenous, economically and socially challenged throughout the world accept a marginalized existence while their leaders and outside entities become wealthy while excluding their involvement in advancing prosperity and wealth creation. While they may not agree with various forms of modernization., they are not willing to accept a standard of living that is below any reasonable international standard for extreme poverty. As a result, the time for economic exclusion has largely passed and it is no longer accepted practice to promote an extractive economic policy that is only profit motivated. In fact, this dilemma is the foundation of our inclusive business model. We believe it is not only possible, but more financially prosperous for all parties to fully integrate previously marginalized populations into the future economic prosperity generated through a holistic approach that expands development gains through a multi-faceted social integration concept. Attempting to put into operation an extractive conceptual form of government and economic policy under the guise of development and social reform, the international community developed administrations and concepts that cannot be sustained due to political corruption, a lack of small business development, social and economic exclusion, and a failure to integrate indigenous populace in the economic growth of international trade and development. Organizations have played a major role by carrying forward a “Win the Hearts and Minds” strategy that lacked tactical sensibility. Often motivated by ego driven and ostentatious principles, they failed to address the most basic grievances and to utilize the inherent capabilities to gain the support from the populace to accomplish their objectives failing to demonstrate empathy or otherwise identify with locals on an individual level.

For example, the IRA of Ireland fundamentally had several grievances with the British who they perceived as oppressors. In Northern Ireland, the long struggle of the recognized oppression of the Catholics by the British and Protestants fueled the formation of the Irish Republican Army. The IRA primarily employed operations that included bombings and other guerilla tactics and were seen as terrorists from the perspective of the British. Similar to the current conflicts in Afghanistan and Africa, which are perceived perhaps correctly as oppressive, has caused the jihad and other uprising to gain support as a result of this perception. This was in contrast to the support that the IRA gained from the Catholic community as is similar to what is being experienced in Northern Nigeria, who frequently looked to the IRA as freedom fighters and heroes of an oppressed culture. The British, who did not fully understand the grievances or the degree of support that the IRA enjoyed, attempted to employ intrusive counterterrorism measures that infringe upon the basic rights of the Catholics. These actions, however, only enhanced the support for the IRA. Many current occupation and operations targeting marginalized populations has achieved similar results. This essentially causes an ongoing and never-ending conflict due to the failure to address legitimate social and economic grievances. The British and many of the current governments attempting to hinder conflicts made the fundamental error of assuming that the IRA and other groups was merely a band of terrorist thugs who did not have specific political or objectives or the support from the populace. When, in fact, the IRA and the jihadists were widely organized and accepted, particularly after the employment of troops to the region. As the support for the IRA grew, the British; did what is similar to what most governments do when facing an insurgency or threat from an unconventional element of society. They reacted by decreasing civil liberties and limiting

economic inclusion and as a result, effectively enhanced the support for the insurgency due to their indiscriminate harassment. There has been a similar trend in Afghanistan and many other regions in Africa and throughout the world.

It is interesting to note that many uprisings have been termed insurgencies as if there are no legitimacy to voicing grievances to oppressive governments and policies. The definition of an insurgency is an organized movement aimed at the overthrow of a constituted government through use of subversion and armed conflict. This definition does not accurately depict the current situation within many nations. First of all, the “insurgency” is often initiated from an outside element that superimposed its will and executed an economic or social change that disrupted the governance, equilibrium, and social dynamics of the region. Due to the fact that the new governance and economic conditions were often formulated from an outside entity through their will and without significant support from the populace, the resulting opposition is not truly insurgent action, but rather a natural reaction to an attempt to instigate a social and economic change through the use of dominance without the formation of a legitimate integration and acceptance of the new governing body or economic condition. We see this throughout Africa, particular when assessing the current policies of the Chinese government that often marginalize and exclude local indigenous populations by economically excluding the local populations in development and economic expansion advances.

Analyzing the effects of oppressive implementation of social and economic change without a holistic and inclusive strategy in terms of its effect, highlights the issue of force as being different from power to such a degree that it actually can undermine its success. Power belongs to a group and is conducted in concert with the group’s objectives. It is harnessed through the combination of individuals and their similar beliefs. Violence and oppression applied in the manner that is typically utilized to bring about a social and economic change that will not harness power and often undermines its formation. Violence, economic marginalization, and oppression are the forced application of power and will never transcend the test of time without the willful compliance of the affected masses. These policies will only achieve short term compliance. It will create the illusion of obedience. It will not, however, generate the fulfillment of substantial social change conducive to effective growth and economic development. Power will always win in the battle between violence and power, because power is intrinsically nonviolent and incorporates inclusive integration of the general populace. An analysis of the fundamental ideology of Afghanistan and many other African nations and the consequences of activating a change would likely have determined that engaging in nation building would only achieve feeble results unless an integration of policies that would be accepted by the culture were implemented through their own free will. The international community has failed to gain this cooperation and simply superimposed their will through violence and oppression on the nations of the world through economic oppression. The ensuing results have proven this to be extremely counterproductive.

It is clear that the use of violence, economic marginalization, and oppression should be avoided. The advocacy of violence and oppression to invoke or support long term social movements is inherently ineffective. Although the use of these oppressive strategies is and will continue to be widespread, it is far more effective to achieve results through economic inclusive and non-violent means. The social movements of recent history illustrate the uselessness of

oppressive economic and social means to create effective social change. Effective social change is achieved through power not aggression and oppression.

The benefactors of the economic growth are not necessarily the best leaders in the country. In the experience of several colleagues, based on years of on the ground experience in many countries, accessing the local population and witnessing several corrupt politicians being put into power through bribes because of their willingness to gain at the expense of their people, it was determined that some of the most corrupt and less scrupulous individuals are often attracted to the opportunities to economically exploit development opportunities by moving into power. Many of those who assumed power were simply seeking personal financial gain and power. Many of the more principled leaders throughout Africa have avoided the central government and as a result economic opportunities that they considered to be corrupt in spirit and in practice. This is actually counterproductive to achieving real sustainable results. The root cause of this underlying issue is a lack of inclusion of the local populace in the planning stage of development. This is why our model ensures that trade schools, small business development, and international trade opportunities to bridge the gap in developing the skillsets and overall environment necessary to fulfill economic inclusive policies.

It is interesting to note that many times when a development policy is implemented from an outside entity, a localized regime change happens and there is a tendency for the new governing body to attempt to completely eliminate any resemblance of the previous regime. This process complicates the challenge of developing the new power structure. When the foregoing regime's leadership is dismantled to the lowest level, there is a tendency to lose relevant governmental and social structure and therefore, lose governance. This vacuum has to be filled by something or chaos and anarchy is likely to occur. This was the case not only in Afghanistan, but in Iraq as well. In the most recent Iraq War, the United States and the coalition forces made the mistake of disbanding the Iraqi Army. Dispersing these trained fighters into the populace without an alternative for employment created the insurgent force that caused much of the destruction to follow. A very similar situation occurred in Afghanistan where the existing leadership was dismantled and not encouraged to join the new regime. When this happens, natural leaders will still continue to lead, however not in a productive fashion.

The same concept applies to economic marginalization. Often development organizations will incorrectly assume that they are effecting positive change, when in reality, they are only colluding with oppressive leaders who fail to allow the local groups to participate in economic gain. This actually works against what is stated to be the actual objective of the development project. The reality is that few organizations truly understand that they are merely cooperating and empowering a corrupt leadership that has no intention of implementing an inclusive economic strategy.

When implementing development and economic change within a society from an external force, it is most wise to create some semblance of the existing structure, otherwise basic social structure and leadership will not be maintained. The only alternative is to eliminate the opposition and simply oppress the country by participating with corrupt leaders who are only interested in their economic gain. The costs associated with attempting to accomplish this objective are simply too great as the world is finding out. This is why the best strategy for development and growth is to accept smaller more realistic changes by keeping the established

social structure in place as best as possible and through hiring and training local labor and management. This also applies to maintaining infrastructure, local and governmental services. The idea that the international community can completely alter the way of life for any nation, without their participation and willful compliance, is wishful thinking at best. The insanity of attempting to change an economically marginalized population through force and by the will of an outside element is not effectively possible. Recent history has proven this to be the case in the manifestation of real poverty, instability, and eventually chaos.

Established local leaders, whether they are elected or appointed, have an established support base. When a local leader and his group are economically marginalized by a corrupt government official anywhere, his or her support base may or may not continue to follow this individual depending on their strength. In the majority of cases, there are only a handful of determined, true believers in any given cause, however the family and tribal structure in many developing nations take precedence over governmental structures, which is why many development projects that exclude local integration in the planning phase are doomed to often be counterproductive in promoting economic development.

Often the local populace is excluded from the labor force and then taxed for the development project through a complex web of financial obligations generated from the implementation of the project. This strategy has been executed throughout the world as a resource extraction model to ensure that commodities remain inexpensive. When a development project is proposed in this extractive methodology, it is done to ultimately enslave the population to a burdensome tax obligation that is not meant to be paid. It is often falsely projected through participating economic analysts and subsequent reports that overstate the potential results of the given project. This ultimately leads to the nation defaulting on the loan and pledging natural resources to pay back the debt. This is essentially theft that has been covertly implemented through the disguise of development and positive change for centuries.

The previous examples explain why it has been so hard for the international community supported policies to achieve meaningful results. First of all, they have promoted grandiose expectations regarding the possibility of changing culture. Change has to be more restrained particularly considering the divergence of ideologies between Western and African nations. The international community has ignored common sense and pushed forward with policies that went against the established cultural structure of the existing way of life. This has proven to not only be ineffective, but offensive in practice. It is not a wonder why other extremist ideologies continue to garner support. Economic marginalization sets the conditions for this to occur.

In Africa as well as other nations, aid often fosters corruption. It tends to prop up corrupt governments by providing them with freely usable cash. These governments interfere with the rule of law, the establishment of civil institutions and the protection of civil liberties. This is the vicious cycle of aid. It instills a culture of dependency and expands government to an unsustainable level. Local populaces often believe that only corrupt individuals come to power in order to seize the opportunity to exploit the aid that would come from the international community, leaving many of the better and more ethical leaders on the sidelines in the race for self-seeking motivations.

The truth is that culturally the vast majority of nations are actually governed on a tribal level. There has never been a government in Africa that has been strong enough to override tribal

dominance. Larger cities rarely have any significant control over rural communities due to the sheer logistical and infrastructure complications of such an endeavor. The road conditions and primary infrastructure are so harsh that navigating throughout the country is extremely difficult and without the proper infrastructure to support a well-established government, tribes tend to fend for themselves and develop their own internal government.

Security and stability have historically required a balance between top-down efforts from the central government, and bottom-up efforts from local actors. Security has historically been established using a combination of national forces – police, military, and intelligence – and local entities. Much has changed since then. But the weak nature of many states, the inadequate level of international forces, and the local nature of the insurgency require building a bottom-up capacity to complement national forces.

The historical weakness of the central government is more of a logistical and economic problem than anything else. Without access to mass media, adequate roads, telephones, water, power, and security, the central government and the tribes remain disconnected. The reality is that the economic activities, which are currently based primarily on subsistence farming, do not generate enough money to support government services. Therefore, even with the establishment of a larger government, it would be doomed to fail based on fiscal challenges. This is one of the fundamental issues that seems to be misunderstood by the international community. This is also the reason that our firm emphasizes international trade and, local labor inclusion, the establishment of relevant trade schools that align with incoming business opportunities, and small business development.

Building a larger infrastructure creates an unsustainable situation for the majority of governments. The idea that more police, a larger military, and an increase in government programs will assist the country is unfounded. What is needed is the integration of the already established local governance from the tribal structure to be accepted by the national government and an expansion of small business development and an international trade emphasis. Also assisting this effort is our trade school model. This will reduce both the cost and the logistical issues with implementing a new governing structure. The illusion of the creation of a larger government is similar to what other nations throughout the world have found to be true. It would only create larger obligations for an already challenged economy to support. The bottom line is that it would be unmanageable without outside assistance for an indefinite period of time. It is also implausible that the government would be accepted in the first place based on cultural challenges that place more credibility on the tribal structure than the government.

The solution calls for an examination of how past rulers have gained power. Former rulers agreed that regionally productive areas divided by infrastructure challenges were hard to integrate into a single state structure and as a result were relatively independent of the central government's rule. The reality is that in this environment, the tribal and local power structure is necessary for governance. Former rulers determined that the costs associated with maintaining control over the more austere regions was not worth the expenditure of effort. What they really needed was access, which was paid for, rather than won through a war effort.

The most logical conclusion to the economic issue is the integration of the existing tribal / local structure into the national government structure. This lessons cost ensures economic and social integration. This solution incorporates the realities of the terrain and the difficulty of managing a

government without sufficient resources. It also empowers local government to do what is necessary to manage their regions. Accepting tribal and regional governance influence protects the traditionally controlled lands from being mismanaged and overtaken by outside influences. It gives the tribes a sense of ownership and representation in their government and it unifies the country to the best degree possible. This is the most sensible solution to a problem of governance that will simply not be solved by budget increases that will hinder economic gains in tradecraft, international trade, and local business development.

The challenge will be to address what has happened, where actors purposely drew up boundaries that would undermine cohesive tribal efforts by creating borders that separated major tribal groups. The solution for economic development is a complex one that is unique to each nation and government. The grandiose ideals and extractive resource policies that fail to properly integrate inclusive systems that train and employ locals are unsustainable.

The globe is poised for massive growth and the expansion of a massive middle class and subsequent markets. Currently the biggest challenge is sufficient infrastructure and a lack of specialized labor. Therefore, developing the International community economically is a tremendous challenge. Advancing a market for increased agricultural production that would allow the economy to grow and sustain itself is desired, however this is a long-term strategy that is prone to fail without significant outside assistance and investment. The expansion of maintainable agriculture that allows the people to nourish themselves is a more realistic goal. It is commonplace in human nature that people continue to labor long after the ideals upon which these efforts have been based are obsolete. It is human nature that allows policies that are unworkable to continue as the ego of the powers to be does not want to recognize defeat. The internal struggle to admit that a policy undertaken is wrong is difficult for many in power to contend with. The stubborn painstaking steadfast determination, which is useful when it is correctly applied, creates the impending doom of defeat when it does not allow for careful reconsideration of the way forward, when it is only obvious that an alteration of the planned course is necessary. The time has come for a change in policy and a refinement of international trade and development.

Competitive Advantages

Our primary competitive advantages are our established relationships with primary government actors combined with our business concept of reinvesting in the local economy and our policy of creating trade schools to train and then integrate the local / indigenous labor force on our projects and business ventures. This relationship model is paramount to achieving access and quality products over the long-term and ensuring a strong foundation in the regions that we work in. We believe that only by developing the local labor forces and fully integrating them into the economic growth can true sustainable success be achieved. It is paramount that this occurs for the long-term development and wealth creation of the International community. Without this emphasis, additional markets cannot be successfully created; therefore, it is paramount that a middle class is developed that will sustain a long-term sustainable international trade market.

Our other advantage is our investment, logistical, and commodity models that allow us to

achieve a competitive access to markets with our numerous existing relationships. We are interested in ensuring the viability of the trade routes that we develop through a policy of inclusion not only extractive in nature. With this concept, we can move forward to ensure that our gains are not short lived. This is our key to long-term success.

Hours of Operation

This will depend on the specific industry; however, it will be a worldwide around the clock operation.

Products and Services

The following markets are desired commodity markets: gold, diamonds, strategic minerals (rare earths), marble, lumber, and oil ext... We are primarily interested in developing international trade routes that increase trade with less typical historical partners. Development projects and investment operations are also likely to produce significant returns. Agricultural projects and industries like fisheries can support local and international markets with additional products that reduce food imports. In addition, our logistical supply routes to include shipping and mineral courier services supported with aircraft and security offer significant income potential as well and support our international trade objectives by providing secure transportation for the mineral market. The trade schools that support development programs additionally assist in expanding markets and human capital needs.

Consulting supports access and opens opportunities for projects in both the development and humanitarian arenas. It is also likely that these access points will promote expansion of new and untraditional markets. The expansion of gold accumulation for the United States is of particular importance considering a strong desire to return to some version of the gold standard rather than a fiat currency. Refineries in strategic locations are part of our logistical plan for strategic minerals transport.

Suppliers

Supply relationships, as previously mentioned, are more relationship based rather than reliant on price. As we partner with local communities first and integrate regional and national governmental interest, we gain the support we need to sustain a long-term presence in the region. Through the development of logistical trade routes secured with a policy of inclusion while enhancing security at the local level through community - tribal relations, we ensure our long-term access to the region. It is paramount that this relationship and partnership is based on reinvestment in the region with an emphasis on empowering the local leaders and facilitating labor and management needs with local sources. This ensures a long-term successful trade relationship that is solidified through relations, not price competition. The cement of the relationship is the primary means of maintaining our competitive advantage. For example,

paying higher wages builds wealth, increases stability and ensures new markets as well as fosters loyalty. Ultimately our long-term goals of implementing development banks that invest in new business development will solidify our concept of building local economies that are open for international trade and development.

In addition, we also have access to Templar Titan of security personnel to support our logistical and courier operations. It is through this established network that we can acquire the necessary security services and equipment as well as maintaining very strong relations with NATO and Special Operations personnel in support of our operational needs.

Service

Our pledge to service is based on our unprecedented commitment to serve our creator in the most advantageous manner by empowering our partners while balancing production with careful concern for the environments, the economy, and the social and political dynamics of the governments and communities that we work with. Our commitment to delicately balance our productivity with sustainable long-term objectives provides the foundation for our business model. Concurrently, we strive to provide the most effective products and services to our partners and customers. In this aspect, we achieve a holistic growth model that incorporates the local / indigenous communities that we work with while expanding our access to new markets.

Manufacturing

Due to the fact that the majority of our products are commodity based, our primary business models do not require manufacturing. They do, however require delicate processing in terms of gaining the most from the value of the raw materials acquired through careful handling of our natural resources. We believe in providing the best training environment so that the expertise in the management of natural resources is carried forward to produce the highest quality product possible.

For example, our trade schools are built on enforcing international quality standards for products above all else as we understand that our reputation for quality is second to none and offers the most advantageous means to implement an effective strategy for ensuring our customers understand why our products are second to none. It is this careful attention to detail that ensures our products are recognized throughout the world as the standard by which others are judged.

Management

Management team includes a retired General Officer from the US military, an architect and developer with access to a 600K work force that has operated in over 87 countries, the leader of Templar Titan, a retired military Civil Affairs officer with a Doctorate in Strategic Security, a medical training expert in paramedics, and an individual with a network spanning the entire globe in terms of gaining access to key government officials throughout the world. Depending

on the investment, we can also acquire the necessary talent in virtually any field as we are capable of hand selecting our specific organization to meet the primary objectives of the group.

Financial Management

Our initial strategy is to mitigate operational costs by not initially occupying a home office until an initial development project is solidified or profits from investment activities support such expenses. It is our plan to immediately reduce cash flows until it is legitimately proven to support our operational costs and the expenses associated with managing an actual office.

As stressed throughout this proposal, our plan is focused on the reinvestment of investment returns and the reduction of overhead to ensure that our profits are immediately invested back into commodity businesses, courier and logistical services, our trade schools, which reduce our future cost of labor and expand local markets for export of opportunities and the entrance into new markets. We will also utilize relationships with host nations, NGOs, military, and Embassies to ensure that we utilize a holistic integration to reduce our cost while ensuring that we promote other interests when applicable. It is these relationships and coordination that will significantly reduce our investments and capital needs.

Our financial management plan centers around our organizational structure with multiple entities that support tax savings and asset protection. This strategy will accelerate our profit potential and ensure our long-term survivability through a diversified approach that will mitigate exposure to currency fluctuations, commodity fluctuation, logistical development and investment downturns. It is highly desirable that this diversified plan be centered with the eventual acquisition of development and investment banks that work to expand the middle class in developing nations. This is the primary means of expanding new markets for the benefit of more developed nations who are seeking new markets entrance.

In this capacity, our investment and financial strategy will be international and take full advantage of tax savings strategies throughout the world. This expands opportunities and ensures that our capital and assets are secured. We are poised to equally protect our assets from frivolous lawsuits through this diversified approach to ensure that any potential negative in one entity will protect assets in other entities from unneeded exposure and international litigation.

Start-Up/Acquisition Summary

Our initial plan will be to meet with the investors and determine what their objectives are so that we can synchronize our management teams and personnel for our specific mission. Our operational framework is flexible and there are numerous opportunities to move forward in profitable ventures throughout the world, however we need to coordinate our strategy with that of the investor's needs and resources. This will greatly influence our initial strategy. As mentioned we have our core objectives, however there are other options to move into as well depending on the investor's capacity and appetite for risk. We are very capable of managing virtually any investment package and have numerous options for serious investors looking to

open our primary businesses such as security / courier, commodities, development, consulting, banking, investments, etc. We are poised to enter aggressive investment strategies for the benefit of our clients and plan to ensure that the majority of our funds are put into high return tax advantaged vehicles when not actively engaged.

Marketing

Our marketing plan will be primarily center through our word of mouth network our investment in peace promotion through art and diplomacy, which facilitates increased business and political relations. With a global network and years of experience, our access to projects and investment opportunities is second to none. We have a vast community of developers, consultants, brokers, and a network to the highest levels of the world community. With our investment in art and diplomacy combined with our consultant network with comparative small retainer fees, we can meet with virtually any head of state with a security contingency. We are also experienced with the challenges of working through numerous broker chains that reduce profits and operational effectiveness. In this capacity, we go as direct as possible to gain access to the right clients that will open doors for our organizations. We strive to only deal directly with the source of our commodities to maximize profit potential.

Market Analysis

There is a considerable opportunity around infrastructure development, logistical transport of strategic minerals, and exporting commodities. There is a substantial number of development objectives that with the right access can be solidified. As surface gold becomes more difficult to discover and the competition grows for limited resources throughout the world, it will become more important that nations maximize their use of strategic resources, develop their infrastructure, and significantly increase agricultural output. It is paramount that this occurs so that the rest of the world can utilize their output to maintain with technological advances and population growth.

The key to penetrate this highly political market will be accessing the connections to gain strategic contracts by offering a more holistic model for development, not previously implemented. No longer should leaders simply be bought as they are beginning to see that it is more important to maintain concerns for the people in their countries. This is not only true for their own safety, but for their political future as well. African nations, much like the rest of the world, are poised to experience something different in terms of what has occurred over the last century. Marginalization both economically and socially of the population is no longer an acceptable growth model. The demands of their populations throughout the world and particularly within Africa, which has expanded due to the availability of media from the new trend in communications, has expanded awareness to such a level that no longer will Africans accept the extractive governance and economic policies promoted and implemented over the last century without the potential for revolt, chaos, and disorder. Nations will not as easily be able to deceive their populations. Tensions are mounting as the world yearns for real growth,

development, and a sustainable futures.

The logistical market will equally need to be developed in order to address the security challenges associated with the logistical aspect of mineral extraction. It is paramount that a new approach is developed that takes into consideration the challenges that need to be addressed such as the tax burden of exporting minerals, the security aspect, the political, and the ease and speed of exporting. The best way to address these issues is to control the logistical aspect by purchasing aircraft and employing a security force at strategic locations within nations that can reduce corruption, increase security, and ease the exporting of minerals such as gold and diamonds.

Overall, there is tremendous opportunity within infrastructure development, export of strategic minerals, and logistical operations. Positioning our firm to successfully address these important and strategic industries is the key to ensuring success in the growth of nations and our organization.

Market Segmentation

Our operational model provides an interconnected and synergistic approach that facilitates integration with many different sectors that operate in congruence with each other. For example, the logistical operations provide a great application to reduce costs for development and commodity operations. Consulting facilities our marketing and opens new development and commodity markets. Our aggressive investment models facilitate higher returns and promote reinvestment in international development banking practices, which further develop localized small business development and tradecraft. This further raises the standard of living of those in the region and contributes to the development of the middle class and new markets for more developed nations.

Competition

The primary competition for our business operations comes from governments who support more extractive economic models. Our operations are systematically organized in a manner that consolidates logistics, development, commodities, consulting, and banking. The model is not currently being implemented and it is unique to the marketplace because it consolidates many aspect of the development and small business expansion through specific training and inclusion. Influence is expanded through the arts and diplomacy model with peace and prosperity as the primary objectives. This is in contrast to the more traditional oppressive models of implementation. Due to the fact that our model has not been previously tested, it is likely to have an initial challenge, however the social and economic dynamics from years of oppressive and extractive economic policies numerous nations have set the conditions for the success of this proposed business model. We do not believe that our holistic model can be outdone due to the integrated and synergistic effect that it creates.

It is highly desired by the local populace who desires to be integrated into the economic growth that their nations deserve. It is quite possible that this movement will create a critical mass effect

that will enforce numerous international policy changes within numerous regimes as acceptance grows. As our model takes hold, it lowers cost through economies of scale and logistic, social, and political influence and integration of assets not typically organized to achieve a dynamic holistic growth effect. The primary challenge will be to develop the local / indigenous population's capacity for integrating additional technological advances to keep pace the rest of the world. We are aware that while the pace may be slow, it is best to integrate for the most desired long-term effects to ensure that long-term stability is maintained.

Pricing

Our pricing model will always be in line with the competition. We will significantly lower our costs by not advocating waste and indulgence within our organizations. It is paramount that our costs are reduced to ensure that our primary expenditures are allocated to successfully investing in the regions that we work in. Our commitment to reinvestment, low overhead, and the relationship aspect in the communities that we work with is paramount to our success. It is where we achieve our greatest competitive advantage.

The other aspects that allow us to offer competitive pricing is in our model of developing local labor markets and developing internal management that will initially cost more and slow production, however over time, it will significantly lower the cost of salaries and sustain long-term relationships by building the regions that we work in. A significant portion of our profits will be reinvested in the regions that we work under to ensure that we maintain a positive presence and continue to offer our employees an opportunity to expand into other business opportunities through our small business development, training emphasis, and investment models.

The humanitarian aspect of our organization and our strategy for compartmentalizing different sectors of our operations will ensure that we reduce mitigation while promoting the most advantageous tax strategies. It is our desire that our commitment to developing the regions we work under will lower our long-term costs and facilitate a positive branding. Equally by expanding into logistics, security, and commodities we reduce our costs in our primary development business through economies of scale. We can offer at cost what others have to pay retail for and our logistical capacities will greatly reduce our expenses in our development and commodity operations. Additionally, our access to primary decision makers and our cooperation with militaries, local governments, NGOs, and embassies, will reduce our costs and foster win-win relationships that emphasizes the integrated use of their supplementary assets and resources.

Further, our access to raw materials will greatly improve our ability to compete. We fully recognize that our industry is relationship based, therefore we will focus primarily on this aspect of our model. It is our desire to maximize this aspect. Our competition, which are primarily governments, have created the conditions for a prime opportunity throughout the rest of the world by implementing an extractive business model that focuses on successful extraction of raw materials at the most advantageous pricing. This has set the conditions for a revolutionary change in development and small business, international trade expansion as local nationals are massively frustrated by the present models. We do not believe that others will be willing or able

to compete with our business model because the reputation of implementing extractive economic policies throughout regions is well earned and will not be easily corrected in the short term. We look favorably on the possibility that our model and actions would create such an effect that it would force a change in policy from extractive business models to the inclusive model that we promote. If this should occur, we look favorably on the result.

Advertising and Promotion

Our promotion and advertisement will primarily be accomplished through word of mouth, internet, art and diplomacy, and our vast networks throughout the world. It will also be marketed through our trade and society associations. These established networks and broker agreements will significantly lower the upfront cost of our marketing. We will focus on continuing to develop our networks throughout the world to ensure that our organization continues to expand into new markets and primarily rely on regional penetration through commission based brokering. After our brokers prove their ability to acquire business, we may offer retainer arrangements to ensure commitments to our organization. This will be limited in scope as it is likely that referrals will be our primary source of business.

Later we will work to brand our quality and products through our commitment to service and our unparalleled willingness to develop the regions that we work with under our unique business model. The actual results in the communities that we work in will be the true test of our model and provide the greatest validation of our efforts. It is this model that will produce the most effective marketing available. Therefore, we will put more of our focus and resources in completing our prescribed missions and projects rather than promoting our accomplishments. Utilizing our relationships with governments, NGOs, militaries, and international organizations and through their integration in the successful execution of our projects and development models, we will naturally brand our model for development and success. As we further integrate them into our success we will naturally become a favored client, working to collectively meet our development and growth objectives. Achieving this without the support of the international community will not be possible, therefore, our holistic approach is vital to our mission success.

Strategy and Implementation

Our initial strategy plan is to finalize industries of interest and amount of investment for investors. Then we will finalize management teams and initiate investment with initial deposit to ensure that minimal operational expenses are covered with our investment funds returns without touching the principal. We will move to finalize deployment project agreement and commit investment funds to trading platforms that have been pre-established through our contacts in the International community, with the anticipation of high returns. We have several vehicles for this, however they have to be established once funds are committed. We would then secure our agreements with consultants that have the capacity to acquire a consistent flow of development projects and move to immediately commence our operations. The initial profitability will be put

back into commodity businesses and logistical operations to facilitate our commodity and courier operations. This model will continue as a previously discussed in terms of reinvestment until we move into international development banks while establishing trade schools in alliance with our proposed business development models. In this regard, we will bring in new products over time.

Milestones

The biggest milestone for the firm will be the first development contract. This first development project will open the doors and set the conditions for our economic stimulus program and facilitate the opening of investment vehicles and the entrance into the commodity business. This development concept in concert with the first initial large investment in the firm will facilitate the two primary milestones within our overall plan.

Break-Even Analysis

The initial break-even point occurs with the initial primary development project. The start-up expense for these type of projects is minimal providing they are government financed and supported. In the beginning stages, we will ensure that all projects are externally funded and that office expenses, administrative, and marketing costs are kept to a minimum. The break-even point for our projects are around the billion-dollar project size. At this level of project, our profitability will be ensured. The economies of scale increase profitability as the size of the project increases due to the volume discounts of labor, logistics, administration, and raw materials.

Our costs are primarily variable and increase with the business in a manner that is sustainable due to our capacity to operate from without a primary office while utilizing available technology. Our initial salary and administrative costs will not be incurred until a primary development project or a commodity relationship is developed. Once we have a consistent flow of business, investment in structures and personnel will increase. The break-even point will increase as the commodity and particularly with the logistical business that we are proposing, however it naturally supports our development and commodity operations. We created a business model that is independent but mutually supportive. Once the initial investment in these operations is initiated, then there will be a long-term commitment to ensuring that the business remains operational and sustainable. We are creating an interconnected model that has mutual benefit to each aspect of our operational model. It is in this manner that each aspect of the business is self-sustaining, however as development, financial, and investment operations are highly profitable, they can carry other aspects of the business. The primary operations are the main focus of the business with the logistical, consulting, and financial operations initially being supportive and growing over time to an end state of the formation of international development banking supporting a development and investment organization that is capable of being completely self-supporting.

Miscellaneous Documents

Available Upon Request

- Personal resumes
- Personal financial statements
- Credit reports, business and personal
- Copies of leases
- Letter of reference
- Contracts
- Legal documents
- Personal and business tax returns
- Miscellaneous relevant documents.
- Photographs

Additional Considerations

- Training in alignment with true economy systems focusing on trade skills necessary to expand agriculture, power, roads, and specific infrastructure capacity such as healthcare and internet access.
- Job creation through hiring local skilled labor and business development
- Micro loans for small business development
- Implement VAT / usage flat tax
- Use a percentage of tax revenue for income stream
- Reduce government and aid through business development
- Possibly open land ownership for foreign nationals under very special cases
- No tax on business income
- Rely on social and spiritual based programs to generate social good
- Eliminate property tax, inheritance tax, and port fees
- Rely on private industry to generate infrastructure development
- Enforce monopoly laws as necessary to create competitive market
- Reduce government intervention in economy by eliminating price fixing

- Generate agriculture development and encourage consumption of Coalition products

The preceding suggestions are conceptual only and do not encompass every specific requirement possible. They provide an overall strategy that if implemented correctly utilizing many of the concepts proposed has the potential of significantly improving economic conditions, quality of life, and overall development of the nation. Further details can be implemented to address specific issues. If further explanation is needed, please contact,

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Yours in service,

Warm regards, Lee

"By the inquiry and support of our peers, visions are brought to fruition." 🌹 †